

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

AFRL-SR-BL-TR-00-

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, in gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Service, Paperwork Project, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Project, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302.

sources,
ct of this
Jefferson

0443

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)		2. REPORT DATE		3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED Final Technical Report 1 Mar 97 - 28 Fe 98	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE (U) INSTRUMENTATION FOR 20 AND 30, HOLOGRAPHIC PARTICLE IMAGE VELOCIMETRY IN AXIAL TURBOMACHINE				5. FUNDING NUMBERS F49620-97-1-0136 3484/US 61103D	
6. AUTHOR(S) JOSEPH KATZ AND CHARLES MENEVEAU					
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY BALTIMORE MD 21218				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AEROSPACE AND MATERIALS SCIENCES DIRECTORATE 801 N. RANDOLPH STREET, ROOM 732 ARLINGTON, VA 22203-1977				10. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER	
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES					
12a. DISTRIBUTION AVAILABILITY STATEMENT APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE DISTRIBUTION IS UNLIMITED				12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE	
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) This DURIP grant provided the instrumentation needed for measuring the flow structure and turbulence in axial turbomachines. The main components are: i. A dual head, injection seeded, 300 mi/pulse, Nd YAG laser; ii. The optical components for assembling two dimensional Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV) and three dimensional holographic PIV systems; iii. The components for a dedicated holographic PIV reconstruction system, including the optics and image acquisition systems. These instruments are integral parts of our effort to develop a laboratory for measuring the flow structure within axial turbomachines and to use the data for addressing a series of turbulence modeling issues.					
14. SUBJECT TERMS				15. NUMBER OF PAGES 2	
				16. PRICE CODE	
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT UNCLASSIFIED	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE UNCLASSIFIED	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT UNCLASSIFIED	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT		

20000922 058

Instrumentation for 2D and 3D PIV In Axial Turbomachines

AFOSR GRANT No. F49620 - 97 - 1 - 0136

E83 - 2133

Joseph Katz & Charles Meneveau
Department of Mechanical Engineering
The Johns Hopkins University
Baltimore, MD 21218

Progress Report

This DURIP grant provided the instrumentation needed for measuring the flow structure and turbulence in axial turbomachines. The main components are: i. A dual head, injection seeded, 300 mj/pulse, Nd YAG laser; ii. The optical components for assembling two dimensional Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV) and three dimensional holographic PIV systems; iii. The components for a dedicated holographic PIV reconstruction system, including the optics and image acquisition systems. These instruments are integral parts of our effort to develop a laboratory for measuring the flow structure within axial turbomachines and to use the data for addressing a series of turbulence modeling issues.

The axial turbomachine test facility has been designed and constructed to allow detailed measurements of the velocity distribution within an entire stage including the rotor, stator, gap between them, inflow into the rotor and the wake structure downstream of the stator. Substantial part of the support for assembling this facility has been provided by another AFOSR grant (as well as from ONR) which is closely integrated with this project. The equipment mentioned above has been purchased specifically for use in this facility. This setup provides a realistic representation for flow conditions in multi-stage axial turbomachines (excluding compressibility effects) including realistic blade geometries, high Reynolds numbers and closely spaced blades that characterize aircraft compressors. It also provides unobstructed view for 2-D PIV and 3-D holographic PIV measurements within the entire stage, including the boundary layers on the blades, the flow around the hub and the tip leakage region.

While the axial facility is being constructed (it is nearing completion), we purchased all the instrumentation included in the present DURIP proposal. The dual head Nd-Yag laser has been purchased and integrated into our laboratory PIV systems. It has been used extensively for PIV measurements of high Reynolds number flows in jets and within an existing centrifugal pump test facility that has a vaned diffuser. The flow in this facility also involves rotor-stator interactions and the modeling problems are quite similar to flows in axial turbomachines. The data has already been used for developing the analysis and modeling tools that will be used in the axial facility.

Using the funds provided in the present grant we have also purchased the components, assembled and integrated a new holographic reconstruction system for analysis of HPIV data. This system consists of the optics for illuminating the holograms, the video camera with a microscope objective for scanning the reconstructed three dimensional field, the 3-D, computer

controlled, precision translation stage for controlling the location of the camera within the reconstructed field. We have also purchased a host computer, an image frame grabber that digitizes the images acquired by the video, and the software for processing the data. The same computer also controls the precision translation stage. This reconstruction and scanning system is now fully operational and is already being used for analysis of holograms as well as for the development of advanced algorithms for data processing.